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Methods of Overpayment Recovery

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Background:

Recoupment is the method of recovering an overpayment by grant adjustments, or voluntary grant offset from individuals or the Assistance Unit (AU). The methods of recovery are set forth in this section.

Policy

44-350.E.1 Methods of Recovery

All of the following methods can be used concurrently. However, those methods shall be used that will result in the maximum recovery.

Maximum Grant Adjustment Amount

- Agency Errors overpayment to be recouped at a rate of 5% of MAP (rounded down, drop the cents).
- All Other Errors overpayment to be recouped at a rate of 10% of MAP (rounded down, drop the cents).

Note: Income and resources of the AU are not considered.

Adjust the overpayment from the current aid payment. The adjustment will be the lesser of the following:

• The overpayment balance

When the overpayment balance is less than the maximum grant adjustment amount, adjust the entire overpayment amount

• The maximum adjustment amount

When the overpayment balance is more than the maximum grant adjustment amount:

- Adjust the maximum amount
- o Apply the remaining overpayment to succeeding months
- o Repeat the adjustment process

The current aid payment

When the aid payment is less than the maximum adjustment amount:

- Adjust the entire aid payment
- Apply any remaining overpayment balance to succeeding months
- Repeat the adjustment process

Grant of Less Than \$10

Adjust an overpayment if the grant is less than \$10 and there is an outstanding overpayment balance. The recipient does not receive cash grant due to the regulations. However, the recipient is eligible for CalWORKs therefore adjust any balance on an existing overpayment.

Example:

A recipient is eligible for \$5. The cash grant for \$5 will not be issued, however she is eligible for that amount. She has an outstanding overpayment balance. The \$5 will be recouped from the grant therefore her overpayment balance will be reduced by \$5.

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44-350.E.2 Resuming Grant Adjustment When a Case Reopens

Fiscal adjusts balances according to any payments made on the claims while the case was in close status. When the case reopens, or the AU is active and the liable individual who was overpaid is unlocatable, review if proper overpayment notices have been sent to the liable individual for each "active" and "open" claims with outstanding balances.

If the overpayment notice:

- Has been sent to the liable individual, and the liable individual is in the case or unlocatable, start recoupment by grant reduction
- Was not sent, send the corresponding overpayment notice. Start recoupment subject to Semi-Annual Reporting (SAR) (CPG 44-270) and Annual Reporting/Child Only (AR/CO) (CPG 44-260) and 10 day advance notice requirements when the case is already granted and the adjustment results in a decrease.

44-350.E.3 Referral to the Office of Revenue and Recovery (ORR)/Demand for Repayment

When a collectable overpayment can no longer be adjusted from the grant refer the overpayment to ORR.

A referral to ORR must be made when any of the following applies:

- The overpayment is an IPV or fraudulent, regardless of the amount
- The total (combined) amount of the overpayments is \$35 or more, the overpayments are not fraudulent, and aid has been discontinued
- The case remains active, but grant adjustment is no longer possible because the liable individual is no longer in the AU

See <u>CPG 44-350.A.8 and CPG 44-350.A.9</u>

A referral to ORR is not required when any of the following applies:

- The overpayments are not fraudulent and the total (combined) balance is less than \$35
- The overpayment cannot be recouped due to a court order

44-350.E.4 General

In addition to grant adjustment and demand for repayment, the following methods of recovery apply to all overpayments:

Voluntary Cash Recovery

Explain voluntary cash recovery to a recipient (or former recipient) but do not initiate or request for voluntary payment.

If a recipient or former recipient offers to repay all or a portion of an overpayment which is not subject to grant adjustment or a demand for repayment and action for civil judgment, the following applies:

- An agreement made with the recipient must be in writing and must clearly indicate to the individual that the repayment is voluntary.
- The recipient is not required to fulfill any voluntary agreement he/she enters into and may suspend payments at any time.

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Provide a <u>CalWORKs Request for Voluntary Repayment</u> form to recipients only under the following conditions:

- The recipient asked if voluntary repayment of their overpayment can be made
- The request followed an explanation by the county of the overpayment
- The county did not in any way initiate or request that the recipient undertake voluntary repayment
- The recipient understands that he or she is not required to voluntarily repay the overpayment and can suspend voluntary repayment at any time

Voluntary Grant Offset

Explain voluntary grant offset to those recipients who have available income and resources when the overpayment could not be recovered in the appropriate adjustment period. However, do not initiate or request for voluntary grant offset.

If the recipient offers to repay the remaining overpayment by foregoing all or a portion of a grant to which he/she is eligible, the following applies:

- Obtain a written agreement to repay. The agreement must clearly indicate to the individual that the repayment is voluntary.
- The recipient is not required to fulfill any voluntary agreement he/she enters into and may request payment of the full grant to which he/she is eligible at any time.

Balancing

When an AU has both an overpayment and an underpayment occurring within the same month, offset one against the other, as long as it doesn't result in a mid-period decrease to an AU's benefits.

Note: Supplemental payments resulting from reports of decreased income or other household changes are not considered "corrective underpayments" and may not be used to offset overpayments. This is true whether or not the supplement is provided in the month of the report or in the following month.

44-350.E.5 Civil Judgment

If the recipient or a former recipient refuses or is unable to repay the amount demanded, ORR will evaluate for action on a civil judgment. At their discretion, ORR will:

- Cause an abstract of civil judgment to be recorded pursuant to Section 674, Code of Civil Procedure, in any county in which the recipient or former recipient owns real property.
- Take all appropriate actions pursuant to Section 681, et seq., Code of Civil Procedure, to execute
 the judgment when a recipient is ineligible for further aid due to current income, property or other
 factors affecting eligibility.

Note: If the recipient's sources of income include Supplemental Security Income/State Supplemental Payment (SSI/SSP) benefits, these benefits are exempt from collection and will not be used to repay an overpayment unless agreed to by the recipient.

Procedure:

None.

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